

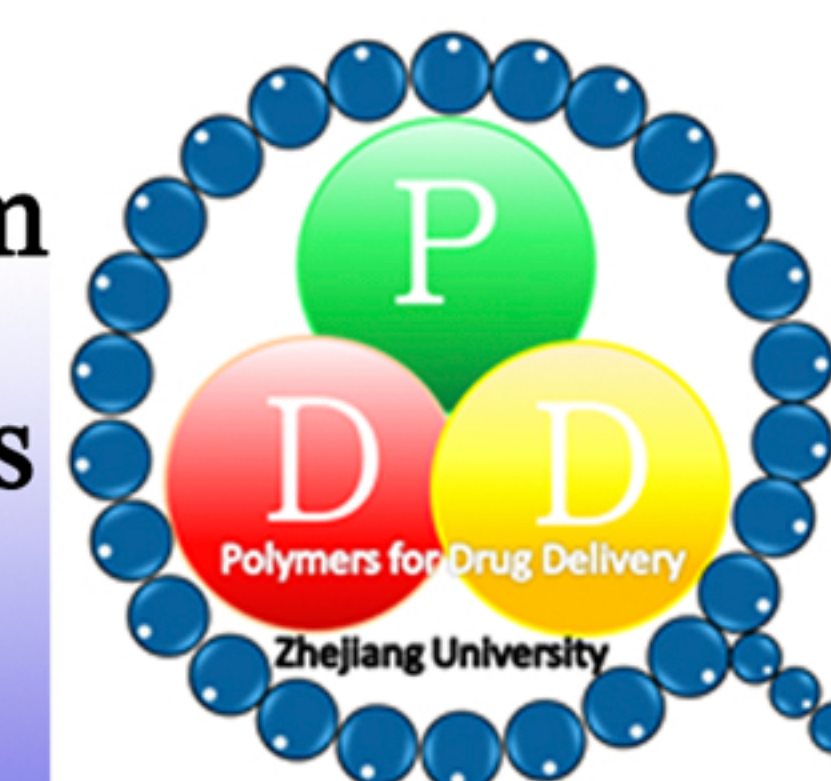


Polymersomes via Self-Assembly of Amphiphilic β -Cyclodextrin Centered Tri-arm Star Polymers for Enhanced Oral Bioavailability of Water-Soluble Chemotherapeutics

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Introduction

Oral administration is usually the most preferred route of various drugs because its compliance and convenient. The oral absorption of DOX·HCl, a BCS class III drugs, is extremely poor and the responsible factor has been validated as the limited paracellular transport. We synthesized a novel amphiphilic β -CD-centered tri-arm star polymers ((mPEG-PLA)₃-CD)) and prepared DOX·HCl loaded polymersomes. To our knowledge, this is the first time to construct polymersomes for oral delivery of water-soluble chemotherapeutics.

Synthesis Route of (mPEG-PLA)₃-CD

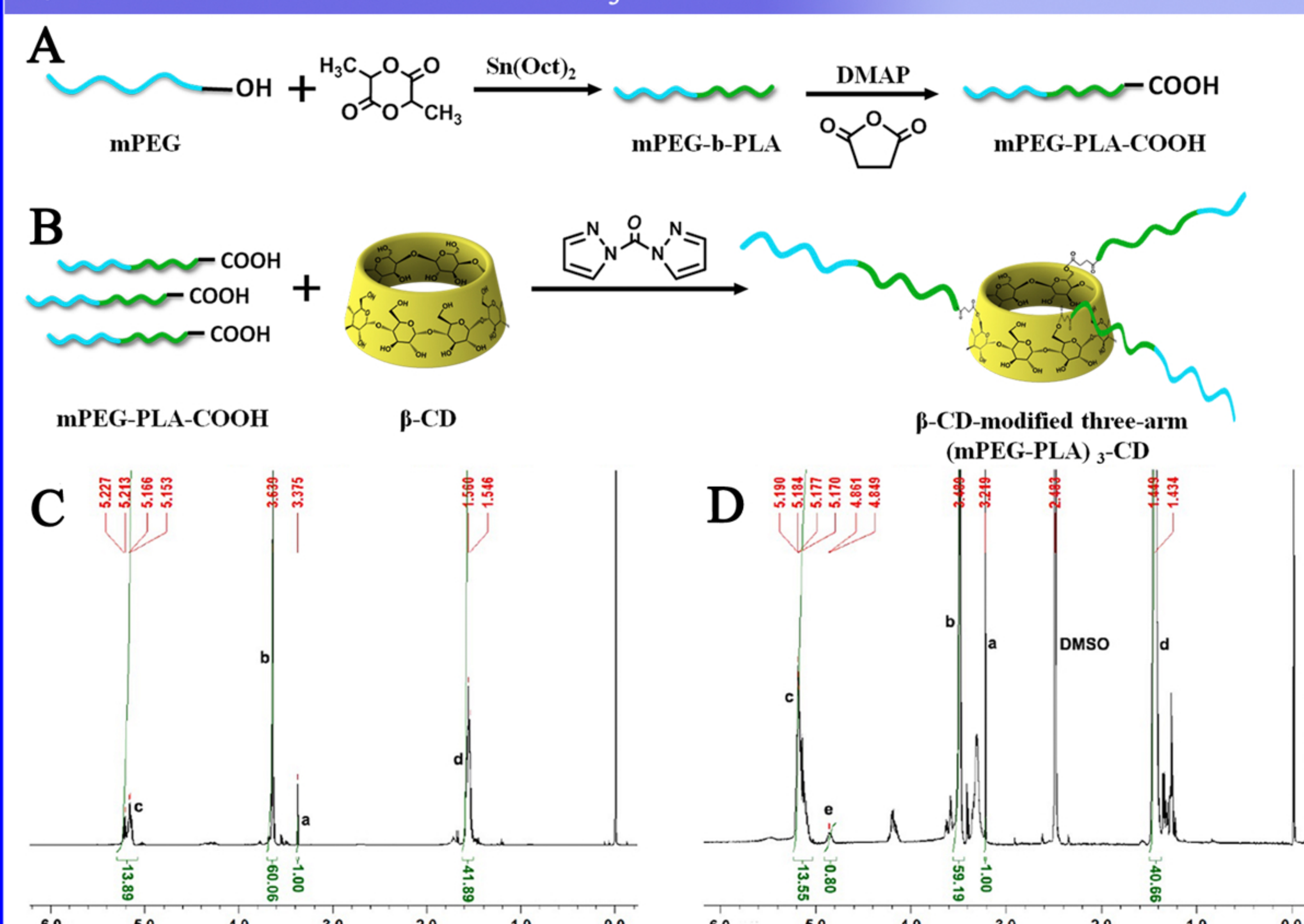


Fig 1. (A) and (B): Synthesis polymer. (C) and (D): ¹H NMR of mPEG-PLA and (mPEG-PLA)₃-CD.

The structure of polymersome

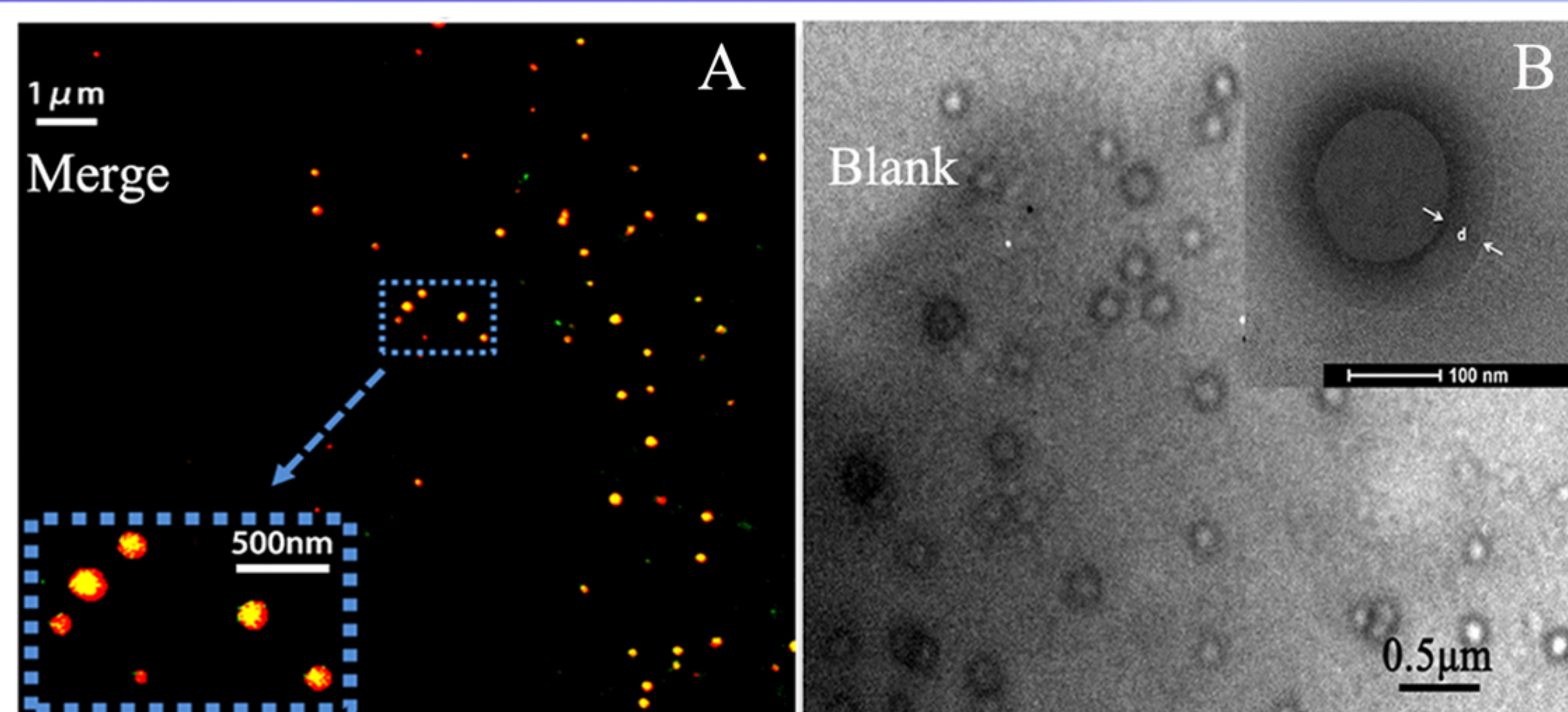


Fig 2. (A) Confocal images of polymersomes. (B) TEM images of polymersomes.

Drug loading and release

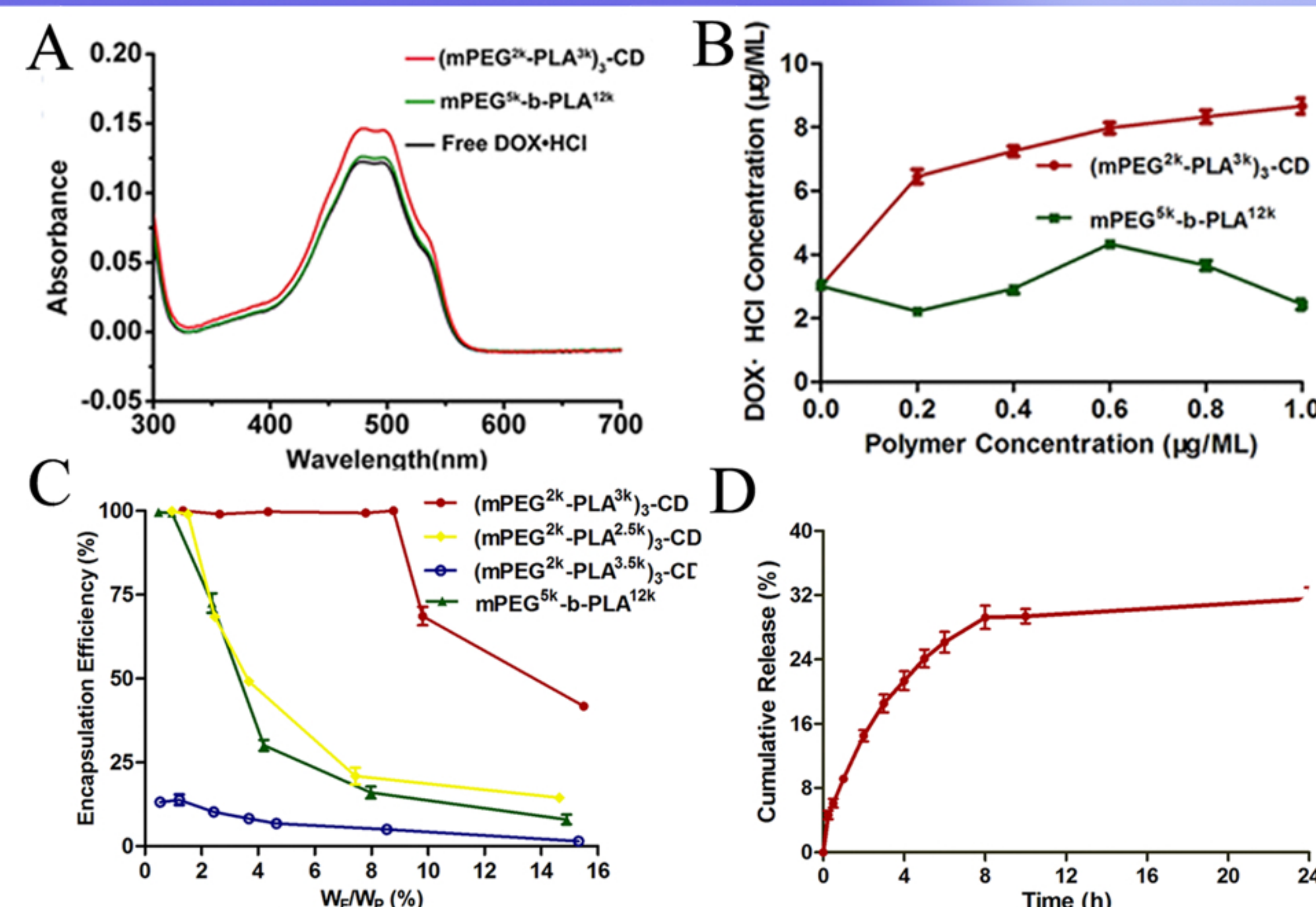


Fig 3. (A) and (B): Affinity of DOX·HCl with (mPEG_{2k}-PLA_{3k})₃-CD copolymer. (C) Drug entrapment efficiency (D) Release profile of DOX·HCl-loaded polymersomes at pH 7.4.

Internalization characterization by MDCK cells

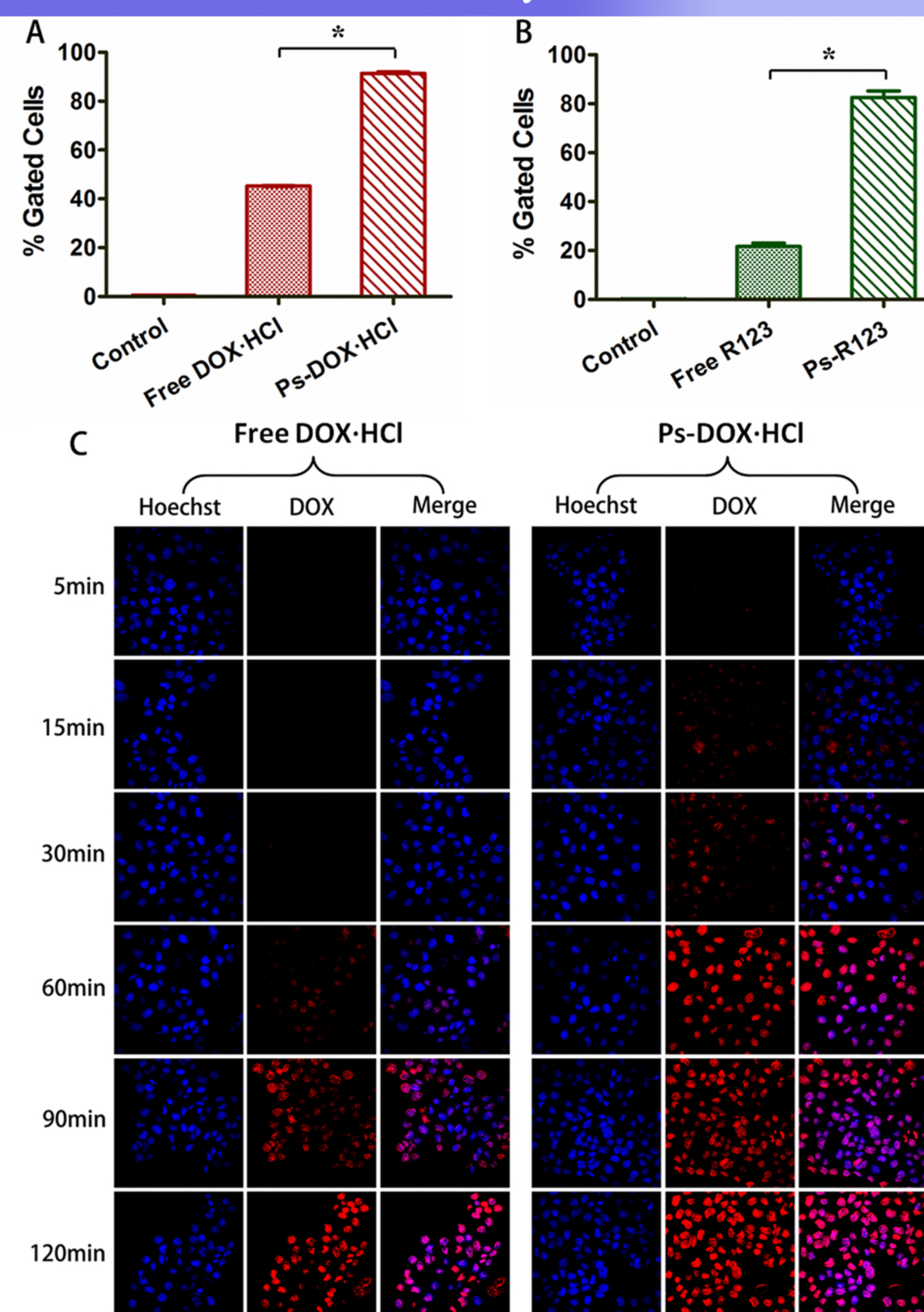


Fig 4. (A) and (B): Cellular uptake by flow cytometry. (C): Cellular uptake by CLSM.

Pharmacokinetic study

Formulation	C _{max} ($\mu\text{g mL}^{-1}$)	t _{1/2} (h)	AUC ₀₋₈ ($\mu\text{g mL}^{-1}\text{h}^{-1}$)
Free DOX·HCl	0.45±0.14	1.35±0.28	1.33±0.14
Ps-DOX·HCl	5.57±1.39	11.10±3.39	9.74±0.17

Table 1. Pharmacokinetic parameters of free DOX·HCl and Ps-DOX·HCl upon single oral administration at the dose of 20 mg kg⁻¹

Conclusions

we successfully constructed a novel DOX·HCl loaded polymersomes self-assembled by β -CD-centered tri-arm star polymer for oral delivery with significantly enhanced bioavailability and antitumor efficacy.

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